### LAKEVIEW ELEMENTARY

# SCIENCE FAIR 2024

Open to Grades TK - 5



#### How to Enter:

Submit the Google Form from the PTA indicating your child will participate. <u>Click here</u> or scan QR code at the bottom of page.



### Work on your Science Project:

The first step is to select an experiment. Be sure to know the difference between an experiment and a demonstration before you begin. You can research experiments online, check out library books, or come up with your own project!



The science project will be done entirely at home with parent supervision. Be sure to do your own work. You will explain your findings to judges.

Use this packet to guide you through the steps as you complete your experiment and board.



### Turn in your Display Board:

Science project display boards are due in the MPR on Monday, April 22, 2024 by 2:30pm



You will be invited to a special Science Fair Awards Night on **April 25**, **2024**. Details to follow.



Scan QR code for Participation Google Form

For more information, visit LAKEVIEWYORBALINDAPTA.COM

## Science Fair Project Planner

Name(s): \_\_\_\_\_

<b>√</b>	Due Dates	Tasks
		Choose topic and write project question.
		Get approval from your teacher.
		Research your topic. Write science terms and paragraph.
		Write hypothesis.
		Design experiment; list variables and write procedure.
		List and gather materials.
		Conduct experiment multiple times. Record observations and data.
		Create a table, chart, or graph of the data.
		Draw conclusions. Explain how you would improve your experiment.
		Make the project display.
		Write and print abstract.
	April 22, 2024	Present project at science fair.

## Project Question

### Think of a Question

Your question will drive your entire project. Make sure that your question is something that can be measured and answered by following the scientific process. You may use the project question for your project title.

Brainstorm some possible questions that you are interested in learning more about.
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Once you have decided on your project question, write it on the lines below and then get approval from your teacher to begin your project.

## Project Research

### **Research Your Topic**

Spend some time learning more about your topic. Use reliable Internet sources, books from the library, your science book, or other resources. Not only do you want to be an expert on your topic, but you want to teach others about your topic.

Science Terms - locate at least 3 key science words related to your topic. Your science book is an excellent place to find these. Make sure that the words you choose are directly related to your topic. Provide a definition of each key word IN YOUR OWN WORDS.

Term	Definition

## Project Research

A paragraph describing the science behind your project - after you have

	completed your research give us, your audience, some background information on your topic in a complete and well-written paragraph. Give us specific, rather than general information. Use the space provided to write a draft. You will edit a final copy to place on your display board.
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## Project Hypothesis

### **State Your Hypothesis**

Based on your research, decide what you think the outcome of the project will be and make a good guess as to what you think the answer to your question will be. **Also explain WHY you think that will be the outcome.** Remember, it is ok if you don't have the right answer; that is how scientists make discoveries. Make sure that your hypothesis is written in a complete sentence.

Start by listing some possible outcomes or answers to your question.
Decide which outcome is most likely. This will be your hypothesis. Clearly write your hypothesis in complete sentences.

### **Design Your Experiment**

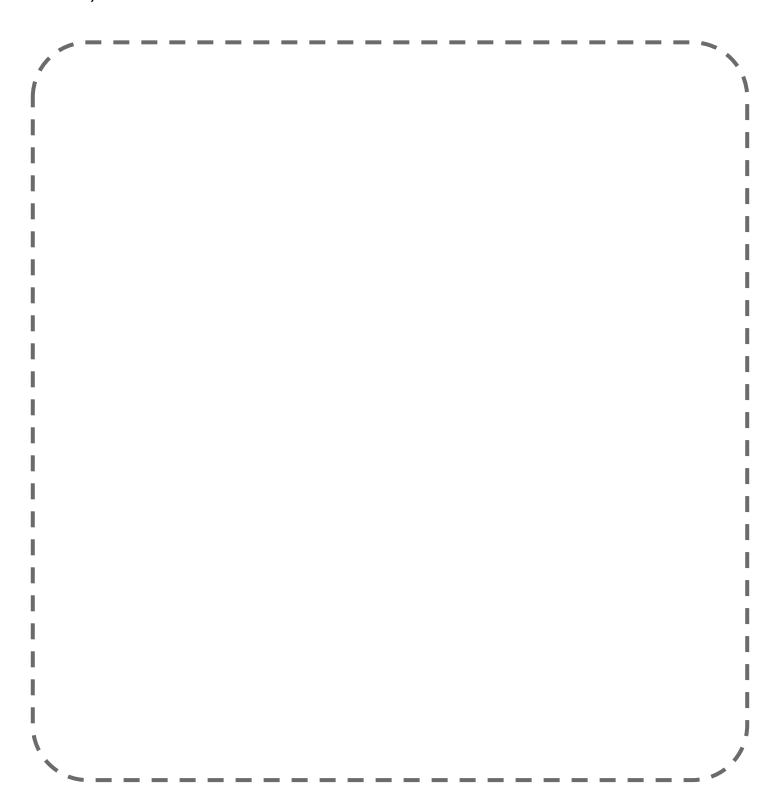
Clearly write out the procedure you are going to follow. Remember that your experiment needs to follow the scientific process and that you need to have one variable that you are going to change (independent variable). There are three variables in a scientific experiment: independent, dependent, and controlled. The *independent variable* is the one, and only one, variable you will change. The *dependent variables* are those being observed and measured throughout the experiment.

The *controlled variables* are those that remain constant and allows you, the scientist, to understand how the experiment would react under normal circumstances.

Independent Variable:		
Dependent Variables:		
Controlled Variables:		

### <u>Materials</u>

List  $\underline{\it all}$  materials needed to complete the experiment. Be specific about type, size, brand, etc.



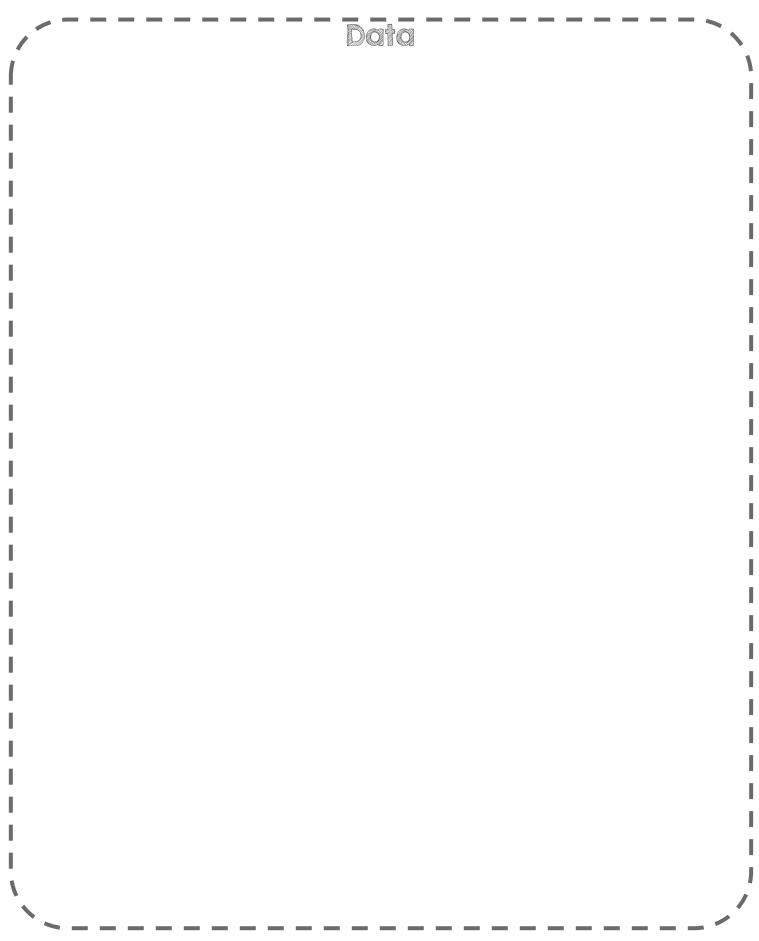
### **Procedure**

Write out each step of your experiment. Remember to number each step a clearly explain what to do. Other scientists should be able to follow the sar steps and get similar results.		

### **Conduct experiment**

Scientists conduct an experiment many times in order to get the most accurate data, so make sure you also conduct your experiment multiple times. During your experiment you need to collect data and make observations. You will record these in your Experiment Log. After you have completed the experiment use your log to write down the data and observations below. In your log you will need to: Collect Data - you will need to collect numerical data; that means you need to take measurements during the experiment. Measurements can be temperature, distance, height, etc. Creating a chart is a helpful way to organize your data. You will analyze the data later to determine the results of your experiment. Make Observations - as you conduct your experiment you will use your senses (sight, smell, touch, etc.) and write down any observations you make during the process.





### Project Results

### **Determine the Results**

Now it is time to review your data and observations to find out what happened during the experiment. Think about the best way to show your data: bar graph, line graph, chart, etc. and then create a table or a graph below. This visual will help you analyze your data for trends.

### Results

Use this space, or a separate sheet in your notebook, to sketch 1 or more tables, charts, or graphs to analyze your data.

## Project Results

### **Determine the Results**

form using complete sentences. Make sure that you include the numerical data (measurements) as well as any other important observations that you made.			

## Project Conclusions

#### **Draw Conclusions**

Analyze the results and determine how the results helps you answer your project question. Write your answer in a complete sentence using the question to begin your answer. You also need to tell whether your hypothesis was supported or if the results contradict the hypothesis. If it was not supported, explain why you think so. End this paragraph by saying how you would change or improve your experiment in the future.

Answer to your project question:	
Did the results support or contradict the hypothesis? Explain	
How would you improve or change the experiment?	

## Project Presentation

### **Display board**

Now that you have completed your experiment you will begin setting up your display board to communicate the results of your experiment to others. Remember, the board is graded on the information you present, not how colorful or pretty it looks. Your display board must have ALL of the following components located in the same places.

#### Other board guidelines:

- Font should be easy to read and at least a size of 16pt or greater.
- Photos should not include faces of students.
- Information on the board can be typed or written neatly by hand.

